# IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS OF BRAZIL FOR CATTLE EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES

The animals must be accompanied by a U.S. Origin Health Certificate issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and endorsed by a Veterinary Services (VS) veterinarian. The certificate shall contain the name and address of both the consignor and consignee and complete identification of the animals to be exported. Additional information shall include:

#### CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS

- 1. The United States is free of foot-and-mouth disease (FMD), rinderpest, and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia.
- 2. The animals originate from premises free of brucellosis and tuberculosis.
- 3. The animals originate from a herd free of clinical evidence of bluetongue, paratuberculosis, vesicular stomatitis, bovine virus diarrhea (BVD), infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), Parainfluenza-3 (PI3), campylobacteriosis, trichomoniasis, leptospirosis, Q fever, and other communicable diseases for the 60 days prior to shipment.
- 4. The animals were treated for external and internal parasites within 30 days prior to the date of shipment. (The treatment dates and products used must be noted on the health certificate.)
- 5. The animals were isolated for 30 days immediately prior to the date of shipment.

### TEST REQUIREMENTS

During the isolation period the animals were negative to the following tests:

- 1. Brucellosis Standard tube or standard plate test at the 1:50 dilution. No test is required for officially vaccinated animals less than 20 months of age.
- 2. Tuberculosis Intradermal caudal fold test using bovine PPD tuberculin.
- 3. Bluetongue Agar-gel immunodiffusion (AGID) test
  Animals positive on the AGID test can be retested
  using the serum neutralization (SN) test for all
  serotypes (2,10,11,13,17) known to exist in the
  United States. If they are negative to the SN
  test, they will be eligible export. If they are
  positive on the SN test for strains 2, 10, 11, 13,
  and 17, they can be retested using the virus
  isolation test and if negative, are
  eligible for export. Only the negative test should
  be included on the health certificate.

## Brazil/Cattle

- 4. Vesicular stomatitis (New Jersey strain) SN test at the 1:8 dilution
- 5. Bovine Leukosis AGID Test
- 6. Leptospirosis Microtiter agglutination test at the 1:100 dilution for L. canicola, L. grippotyphosa, L. pomona, L. hardjo, and L. icterohaemorhagiae,

OR,

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(Animals tested with titers of 1:100 or higher can be treated with a single dose dihydrostreptomycin at the rate of 25 mg/kg of body weight within 14 days of exportation.)

OR,

#### vaccination.

## OTHER INFORMATION

- 1. The certificate must be "VISAED" (endorsed) by the Brazilian Consulate.
- The animals must be transported to the inspection/embarkation site in vehicles which have been cleaned and disinfected prior to the introduction of the animals. The animals must have no direct or indirect contact with other cattle or other species of animals susceptible to diseases of cattle after leaving the isolation premises.
- 3. The Area Veterinarian in Charge is authorized to extend the validity of the tests and/or treatments up to 45 days if he or she is assured by certification statement on the health certificate that the animals are isolated on the farm under the supervision of the accredited veterinarian and will remain isolated until export.

#### EMBARKATION CERTIFICATION

At the port of embarkation, a VS port veterinarian shall attach to the U.S. Origin Health Certificate, the Certificate of Inspection of Export Animals (VS Form 17-37) showing:

- 1. The name and address of the consignor.
- 2. The name and address of the consignee.
- 3. The number and species of animals to be shipped.
- 4. A statement that the animals have been given a careful veterinary inspection at the port of embarkation and found free from evidence of communicable disease, external parasites and exposure thereto within 24 hours of exportation.